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	Epidemiological Characteristic of Reported	
Thesis Title	Measles Cases in AL-Najaf province /Iraq 2007-2014	
Year	2015	
Abstract	Measles is worldwide, and still epidemic and highly infectious and threatened the life of all populations, but is preventable by full immunization. The importance of this study in AL-Najef government because of previous outbreak. And also a mixing of social due to internal displace populations and religious events during the year. Objective study: to describe the epidemiological characteristics of all reported measles cases in the public health of Najaf government during 2007- 2014. Method of study: cross sectional for all suspected measles cases that are reported retrospectively in the public health section of directorate of health in AL-Najaf province during 2007-2014, and the data collected from the notification and investigation form of measles then entered and analyzed by using EPI-Info and SPSS 21. The result showed 582 of suspected cases, 359 0f them were confirmed, 56% female, the peak age group <5 years. The seasonal distribution of the cases appears in JAN-MAY. There was highly obvious association between the numbers of doses of vaccination with the confirmed cases, The Odd Ratio for having a confirmed case for those with a single dose	

of
vaccination is 0.18 compared to those unvaccinated. and the risk of
having confirmed measles for those with unvaccinated increased 5.6 time
compared to
those with protected a single dose, during the outbreak period (2007-2009).
We recommend promoting the active surveillance and good collection
of notification form and keeping for study in future, improving complete
MVC
with a good cold-chain and periodic campaigns before winter.